Data Trends

From:	Data Trends
Sent:	Thursday, June 23, 2005 12:15 PM
То:	Data Trends
Subject:	Data Trends> News 0109

This News brief alerts you to the following article: Latzman, R. D., & Swisher, R. R. (2005). The interative relationship among adolescent violence, street violence, and depression. Journal of Community Psychology, 33(3), 355-371.

This study, using data from the National Longitudinal Study of Adolescent Health, a nationally representative sample of 8,939 adolescents in grades 7 to 12, found that "an adolescent's own violence lessens the negative association between street violence and depression. Similarly, exposure to street violence moderates the association between own violence and depression" (p. 355). This effect was most pronounced for boys and older adolescents. According to the authors, these counterintuitive findings suggest that "being aggressive in the context of community violence could be an adaptive strategy that preserves adolescents' sense of control in a volatile and unpredictable environment" (Child Development). A summary of the study is available at the Child Development Newswire:

http://cdwire.net/cgi-bin/pub9990170781409.cgi?itemid=9990196612928 &action=viewad&categoryid=9960170781449&page=1&placeonpage=38&totaldisplayed=50

Data Trends are produced by the Research and Training Center for Children's Mental Health, Louis de la Parte Florida Mental Health Institute, University of South Florida, Tampa. Data Trends are funded by the Center for Mental Health Services, SAMHSA, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. There are two Data Trends products: 1) Summaries (ISSN# 1537-0399), which detail recent, published articles on systems of care for children with emotional and behavioral disabilities and their families, and; 2) News briefs (ISSN# 1537-0402), which highlight related items or events of interest to the field.